THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From June 20. to June 27. 1734.

Dr. CLIFTON's *Preſcription for the Cure of the* Small Pox.

THE Terrible Havock the *Small Pox* has lately made at *Edinburgh*, and the great Reaſon there is to fear, both from the Temper of the foregoing Seaſons, and the Nature of the preſent Species, it may be as deſtructive to other Places, will be a ſufficient Apology for publiſhing a new Method of Treating that Diſeaſe for the future, eſpecially, as neither Dr. *Friend*'s Method of *Purging*, nor the *Turkiſh* Method of INOCULATION, have been found effectual. Firſt then, I propoſe, that as ſoon as the Patient is taken ill, his lower Parts be bath'd in warm Water, or at leaſt fomented well, till the Eruption is compleated. 2dly, That the Regimen all along as to Phyſick and Diet, be agreeable to the Rules laid down by that great obſerver of Nature Dr. *Sydenham*; unleſs ſome particular Circumſtances reqire a different Treatment. Laſtly, That as the Puſtules ripen, every one of 'em be open'd, cleans'd, and defended from the Air as much as poſſible. By this eaſy and ſimple Method, two great Points are gain'd: Firſt of all, the *Face* and *Breaſt* are greatly reliev'd, the Weight of the whole Diſtemper being thrown upon the Parts moſt able to bear it, *i. e.* the extreme Parts: And in the next place, the *Second Fever* (which proves ſo fatal to many) is almoſt intirely prevented. Now *Sydenham* expreſly aſſures us, (and Experience confirms the Truth of his Obſervations) that all the Danger conſiſts in the Number of Puſtules about the *Face*, and in the *Second Fever* that comes upon the Turn. Conſequently, if the Puſtules can be determin'd another way, and the Face kept tolerably clear, the Danger will be abated in proportion, as I have ſhewn more fully in my *State of Phyſick Ancient and Modern*, under the Article *Bathing*. Again, if the Puſtules are open'd as they ripen, and the Matter wip'd up with a Sponge, or any ſoft thing dipt in warm Water, or Water with a little *Honey of Roſes* in it, or a few Droops of *Tincture of Myrrh*, very little of the Matter will be return'd into the Blood, and conſequently very little Fever will follow. For the ſecond Fever is occaſioned by the Return of the Matter into the Blood. That this new Method of opening the Puſtules is not chimærical, but highly rational, will be very obvious to every one who conſiders that the Puſtules are of the Nature of *Abſceſſes* and ſhould therefore be treated as ſuch. Now every body knows that an *Abſceſs* ſhould never be open'd while the Matter is crude and undigeſted; but when once it is well form'd, it ought to be diſcharg'd immediately, otherwiſe the Parts will be corroded by it, or ſomething worſe will follow. My Way therefore is to have 'em all open'd as they ripen, to have 'em cleans'd within thoroughly, to have 'em defended from the Air as much as poſſible, and to have the Patient ſometimes put into warm Water again to cleanſe and ſoften the whole Surface of his Body. By this Means very few are mark'd with the Diſtemper, and fewer ſtill miſcarry. I dare not, however, preſume to ſay that this Method will always ſucceed; but yet if it be us'd in time, and carefully manag'd (eſpecially that part relating to the Puſtules) I believe, from what I have ſeen of it already, that it will ſeldom fail,

F. CLIFTON.

London, March 1. On Thurſday laſt there was the following Tryal at the Old-Baily, which exhibits a flagrant Inſtance, of the prodigious Stupidity and Wickedneſs, the Love of Drams and a Habit of Drinking them, is capable of producing.

Judith Duſour, was indicted for the Murder of *Mary Duſour*, otherwiſe *Culinder*, by choaking and ſtrangling her with a Piece of Linen, *Jan.* 29.

She was a ſecond Time indicted on the Coroner's Inquiſition for the ſaid Murder.

John Wolveridge. I live in the Fields leading to *Bethnal-green.* About a Month ago, I heard an Outcry that a Child was murder'd in the Field. I went to the Place and found a Child dead; it appear'd to be upwards of two Years old. I found a black Circle about the Neck, and a Mark like a Print of a Thumb, under the right Ear. Some Gentlemen told me, they had ſeen three Women coming from the Place where the Child lay: and I afterwards found, that one of theſe three were the Priſoner, who was the Mother of the Child. I ask'd her, how ſhe could be ſo barbarous as to murder her own Infant? She ſaid ſhe had only ſtripp'd it about 7 at Night, and laid it naked in the Ditch; and this was all I could get out of her for a pretty while: but at laſt in a violent Agony of Grief ſhe ſaid, *Then, Sir, I will tell you how I did it; but there was a Vagabond Creature, one* Sukey, *that perſuaded me to it; and was equally concerned with me. On* Sunday *Night we took the Child into the Fields, and ſtripp'd it, and ty'd a Linen Handkerchief hard about its Neck to keep it from crying, and then laid it in a Ditch. And after that, we went together, and ſold the Coat and Stay for a Shilling, and the Petticoat and Stockings for a Groat: We parted the Money, and join'd for a Quartern of Gin.* The Priſoner made the like Confeſſion before Juſtice *Chamberlain*, inſiſting upon it, that the other Creature *Sukey* was equally guilty.

Elizabeth Scot. The Priſoner worked with me (at a Throwſter's) ſhe came to work at half an Hour paſt Seven the Night the Murder was done, and work'd 'till Morning---She ſaid, ſhe had done ſomething that deſerved *Newgate*, and at laſt, told us, ſhe had left her Child in the Field all Night------We went to the Place, found the Child dead, and then went to the Church-wardens.

Suſan Jones. When ſhe came to work, over Night, we ask'd her if ſhe had carry'd he Child back to the Work-houſe, (for the Child was kept in the Pariſh Work-houſe, and ſhe had got Leave to take it out for 2 or 3 Hours) ſhe told me, ſhe had not, but her Mother had. She worked 'till One in the Morning, and then had a Dram, and would have had another, but I would not let her. Then ſhe deſir'd a Penny to buy a Roll and Cheeſe. I gave her a Penny; but inſtead of fetching a Roll and Cheeſe, ſhe brought in a Roll and a ha'p'orth of Gin---- Then ſhe ſaid, ſhe had done ſomething that deſerved *Newgate.* I told her I hoped ſhe had not wrong'd my Miſtreſs, but if ſhe had, her beſt way would be to make a plain Confeſſion, and then I believed my Miſtreſs would be the more favourable to her. She ſaid it was no ſuch thing as that; but ſhe had left her Child all Night in the Field. *What?* ſays I, *in ſuch a diſmal cold Night! How can you be ſo cruel?* She ſaid ſhe had not done

done it, but one *Sukey* perſuaded her to it. So I bid *Elizabeth Scot* take a piece of Bread and Butter, and go with me and the Priſoner to fetch the Child, for the Priſoner had not told me the Child was dead, and I thought it would be a hungry as well as cold. But when we came, we found the Child ſtript and lying dead in a Ditch, with a Linnen-rag tied hard about its poor Neck.

Jane Prig. The Priſoner came on *Sunday* to take the Child out, but I would not let her, without an Order from the Church-Wardens; ſo ſhe went away, and came again in half an Hour, and brought a Note, as from the Church-Warden, and upon that I let her have the Child out; but I afterwards found that the Church-Warden had given no ſuch Note----The Child had been New-clothed but the *Thurſday* before.

Job London, Surgeon. About the Fore-part of the Child's Neck, I obſerved part of a black Circle, like that in executed Perſons, and I believe the Violence it was done with, was the Cauſe of her Death.

Then the Priſoner's Confeſſion, before the Juſtice, being proved, was read in Court.

Middleſex, } *The Examination and Confeſſion of* Judith
to wit. } Dufour, *taken this* 30*th Day of* Jan. 1733, *before me one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County.*

THIS Examinant confeſſeth, that about two Years and three Months ſince, ſhe was deliver'd of a female baſtard Child, begot on her Body, by one *John Cullender* who lives in *Spittle-Fields* Market, by Trade a Weaver; and that the ſaid Child, was baptized by the Name of *Mary*, and that her ſaid Child, *Mary*, hath been for ſome Weeks paſt in the Work-houſe, belonging to the Hamlet of *Bethnal-green*, in the ſaid County of *Middleſex*; and that ſhe went on *Sunday* laſt, about 9 or 10 in the Morning to the Work-houſe to ſee her ſaid Child, and found the child had been within a few Days new clothed. And that ſhe took away her Child, and kept it with her, till about 6 or 7 a Clock in the Evening, when being in Company with one *Suſannah*, her Surname to her unknown, but that ſhe has a Siſter now in *Shoreditch* Work-houſe, who (*that is*, Suſannah, *not her Siſter*) perſuaded her, this Examinant, to ſell the Child's Clothes and carry it into the Fields and leave it there. That they went both of them together into a Field near *John Harding's*, where they ſtripp'd the ſaid Child, and ty'd a linen Rag very hard about the Child's Neck, to prevent its crying out, which ſtrangled her, and that afterwards, they went together, leaving the Child behind in a Ditch, near dead, to one *Mary Witts*, who lives in *Swan-Yard*, in the Pariſh of St. *Leonard Shoreditch* and ſold the Clothes, that is to ſay, a Coat, Stays, Petticoat, and Stockings to the ſaid *Witts*, and received for them Sixteen-pence, and that they parted the Money equally between them.

The Mark of
Judith * *Dufour.*

Taken before me
the Day and Year } *Anthony Chamberlain.*
above written.

Priſoner. I did not think to do any thing to the Child, but that wicked Creature *Sukey* ſeduced me to it.

Mary Favoury. I have known her two Years, and never knew any Harm of her.

The Jury found her guilty. *Death.*

Mantua, March 3. The Veldt-Marſhal Count de Merci remains ſtill in the Trentine where he is getting his Army together with all poſſible Expedition, to begin the Campaign; Mean while the General has cauſed ſeveral Troops to file off from Time to Time into the Mantuan, to the Number of 13 Battalions, two Regiments of Horſe, and ſix Companies of Huſſars, amounting in all to 13188 Men. We are under no Apprehenſions from the combin'd Forces, nor doubt in the leaſt but the General abovemention'd will be ſoon in a Condition to act offenſively.

Cologn, March 13. Three Thouſand Men belonging to the Garriſon of Luxemburg, which conſiſts of 18000, have Orders to march to the Upper Rhine. According to our Letters from Vienna the Court of Great Britain will declare for the Emperor, in Caſe France refuſes to accept of the Points of Accommodation concerted there: Meantime his Britannick Majeſty has engaged, in Quality of King, to take no Part in the War, provided the moſt Chriſtian King will mutually engage on his Side to drop the War in Italy, and reſtore Things there to their former Condition, according to the Treaties ſubſiſting on that Head.

Milan, March 6. The Marſhal de Villars is return'd from Turin. The French Troops have Orders to leave their Quarters the 20th, to encamp between the Rivers Oglio and the Adda. The Ally'd Army conſiſts at preſent but of 40,000 Men, being oblig'd to leave Troops in fortify'd Places; but will be ſoon reinforc'd by French and Spaniſh Troops. Forage is grown very ſcanty throughout the Milaneze, but much more in Lodegiano and the Cremoneze, where there is not ſufficient to feed the Cattle; upon which the Government to prevent ill Conſequences, has ſent for a Liſt of the Number of Cattle, and an Account of the Quantity of Hay, in order to look out in Time for a proper Supply from elſewhere. A Report is very rife here, that the Spaniſh Army, which we thought was on its March for the Kingdom of Naples, fil'd off on a ſudden towards Orbitello in order to beſiege it: but we know not yet how to give entire Credit thereto.

Paris, March 12. 'Tis ſaid our Squadron at Breſt will conſiſt of 50 Sail and go for Dantzick with Troops, and engage the Ruſſian Fleet in Caſe it appears in the Baltick. They talk of a Plan propos'd whereby to become Maſters of Luxenbourg in 25 Days. The Sieur de Bartal is ſaid to be ſent to Conſtantinople with ſome important Diſpatches. Tho' it is aſſur'd the Spaniſh Army is in full March for the Kingdom of Naples, yet our laſt Letters from Turin give ſome Room to doubt of the Truth thereof; at leaſt ſo far appears by the Tenour of them, that the common Opinion there is, they would act more adviſedly to defer the Expedition till they were fully appriz'd of the Strength of the Imperial Army, of which 20,000 have actually deſcended from the Trentine into the Plains contiguous to the Mantuan, or till the new Reinforcement of between 12 and 15,000 Spaniards, which was to embark at Barcelona the 19th Inſt. be arrived in Italy.

London, March 11. On Friday laſt John Zollicoffre, Eſq; his Majeſty's Envoy to the Emperor of Morocco, ſet out for Deal, to embark on board his Majeſty's Ship the Sheerneſs, Capt. Fytche Commander, in the Downs; and will ſail with the firſt fair Wind for Barbary, in order to redeem the Engliſh Slaves that are there in Captivity.

Rome, March 6. Part of the Spaniſh Troops are arrived at Monte Rolando, to halt there 'till the Groſs of the Army comes up to them.

Cremona, March 9. The ally'd Troops are moſt of them drawn from the Milaneze to cover the Mantuan: The French are reſolved to attempt ſomething on the Imperialiſts before the Arrival of their whole Army.

Vienna, March 13. Count Lewolde, the Ruſſian Plenipotentiary, is come hither to concert Meaſures againſt the Turks; who, 'tis aſſured, have concluded a Peace with Perſia.

Francfort, March 21. The Report is current of a brisk Action in Italy, between the ally'd Forces and Imperialiſts upon the latter's paſſing the Po, with great Loſs on both Sides; with this Addition, That the Imperialiſts, however, carry'd the Poſt.

Paris, March 24. Our Letters from Venice, aſſure us of a Peace actually concluded between the Turks and Perſians and what is more, a League offenſive and defenſive, in order to recover the Provinces on the Caſpian Sea, taken by the late Czar, Peter the Firſt, during the Troubles of Perſia.

The Marſhal Duke of Berwick, who was to go this Week for Alſace, will ſtay 'till the 15th of next Month. The other general Officers will hardly ſtir 'till pretty near the ſame Time.

The Marqueſs d'Asfeld returned the 20th from Italy.

'Tis adviſed from Perouſe, by Letters of the 6th Inſtant, that the Serene Infante Don Carlos arrived there on the 5th and ſaw Part of the Spaniſh Army on their March for Naples: That his Royal Highneſs was on the Point of ſetting out for Rome incognito, to paſs ſome Time there under the Name of the Count de Piligliano, while his Army advanced in the Neapolitan Territories; That he would reſide in the Palace of Farneze, and was to be treated by his Holineſs not as Duke of Parma, but Infante of Spain.

That another Column of the Spaniards arrived the 4th at Viterbo, without halting, while the Duke of Liria was traverſing Romania to enter the Kingdom above mention'd by Abruzzo.

The

The ſame Letters adviſe the Relapſe of the Viceroy, and affirm his Excellency's Life to be in great Danger.

London, March 19. We hear that the Concourſe laſt Sunday at St. James's Houſe, to ſee the Royal Family dine in Publick, and to ſee the Prince and Princeſs of Orange, was ſo exceeding great, that 'tis believed the Centinels got above 100 l. for admitting the People into the Court-Yard, and up the great Stairs.

London, March 13. Laſt Week at a Meeting of ſeveral of the Iriſh Peers, among which were the Rt. Hon. the Earl Tilney, Lord Viſt. Galway, Lord Viſt. Blundell, Lord Viſt. Gage, Lord Viſt. Grimſton, Lord Viſt. Vane, Lord Kingſale, Lord Southwell, Lord Ranelagh, &c. to conſider their Claims to attend the Proceſſion of the Royal Wedding; and they not having receeiv'd Summons's to attend the ſame as Peers of the Kingdom of Ireland, unanimouſly reſolv'd (in Honour of the ſaid Peerage) that neither Peers nor Peereſſes would attend the ſaid Wedding as common Spectators, or ſend for their Tickets.

Hambourg, March 9. We are inform'd from Dantzick, that the Coſſacks, who are very troubleſome in the Territory have lately met with a Rebuff: They ventur'd to attack in Conjunction with ſome Ruſſians, the Works of Stolberg, but were repuls'd even by the City Militia, with a Loſs unexpected. The ſaid Militia in another Rencounte carry'd off a Convoy of 60 Waggons laden with Proviſions, which were afterwards divided amongſt the Poor of the City. The ſame Letters mention a ſtrong Report there of a brisk action between the Poles and Saxon Troops, wherein fell their General, the Duke of Weiſſenfels; but our Lettters from Cracow mentioning the Departure of Auguſtus from thence not before the 2d Inſt. we doubt the Truth of this Article.

Charleſtown, April 27. The King of the Nauchees, a Nation of Weſtern Indians, faithful Friends to this Province, arrived here with 26 Warriours on Sunday laſt, and on Monday had Audience of his Excellency the Governor at the Council Chamber. Three hundred Men of this Nation have been kill'd by the French, beſides Women and Children; which has occaſion'd the King to come down and deſire leave to ſettle with all his People at Savannah Town. Tomo-chi-chi, Chief of the Creek Indians, who is ſetting out for England with Mr. Oglethorpe, invited the Nauchees to dance with them, which they accordingly did before the Governor's Houſe on Wedneſday, and on Thurſday they invited them to play at an Indian Grme with Ball and Rackets thirteen of a ſide, in which they all ſhewed great Strength and Agility.

Charleſtown, May 11. *Tueſday* laſt ſailed out of this Port his Majeſty's Ship the *Alborough*, for *London*, having on board the Hon. *James Oglethorpe*, Eſq; with eight of the *Creek Indians*, and *Tomo-chi-chi* their Chief.

The Indian Traders among the *Cherokee-Indians*, are come to Town, and none of them thinks it ſafe to return.

This Day his Excellency publiſhed the following Advertiſement.

Charles-Town the 11th May, 1734.

HIS EXCELLENCY *the Governor having received Informations from ſome Traders in the* Cherokee *Nation, which require the mature and immediate Conſideration of the Legiſlature, doth therefore deſire the Members of His Majeſty's Honourable Council, and thoſe of the Aſſembly, punctually to meet at* Charleſtown *on the* 14th *Inſtant, as by Adjournment.*

By his Excellency's Command.

J. Badenhop, C. C.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York June 24. *Entred In.*

Sloop Defiance from Boſton, Sloop Mary and Sloop Olive branch from Barbadoes.

Entred Out. Sloop Katharine for Newfoundland, Brigt. Amiſtad for Perth-Amboy, Sloop Happy for St. Thomas, Sloop Defiance for Boſton.

Cleared. Sloop Fancy to Barbadoes, Sloop Defiance to Boſton, Sloop Katharine to Newfoundland, brigt. Amiſtad to Perth-Amboy.

Philadelphia, June 27.

Monday laſt, a Grand Lodge of the Ancient and Honourable Society of Free and Accepted Maſons in this Province, was held at the Tun Tavern in Water-Street, when Benjamin Franklin being elected Grand-Maſter for the Year enſuing, appointed Mr. John Crap, to be his Deputy; and James Hamilton, Eſq; and Thomas Hopkinſon, Gent. were choſen Wardens. After which, a very elegant Entertainment was provided, and the Proprietor, the Governor, and ſeveral other Perſons of Diſtinction honour'd the Society with their Preſence.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred Inwards.

Sloop Guernſey Lilly, Checkley Perkins, from Lisbon.
Ship Conſtantine, Edward Wright, from London.
Brigt. Lancaſhire Witch, Jonathan Burchell, from St. Kitts,
Ship Amity, Thomas Bowling, from Bonaviſta.

Entred Out.

Brigt. Sea Flower, William Phillips, for Briſtol.
Sloop Sweet Nelly, Robert Bullcock, for Barbadoes.
Ship Jane, John Richmond, for London.
Brigt. Pennswood, John Hamilton, for Madeira.

Cleared

Scooner Ann, John Rice, to Cape-Fear.
Sloop Exchange, Benj. Conyers, to Dublin.
------ Advantage, Chriſtopher Luſher, to Barbadoes.
Brigt. Philadelphia Hope, George Spafford to Briſtol.
Ship John and Anne, James Sherley, to Jamaica.

Advertiſements.

Burlington, June 19. 1734.

THIS is to give Publick Notice, that ſome fraudulent Jerſey *Bills have been lately uttered at Burlington, and to caution all Perſons that they be not impoſed upon by them. They may be plainly diſtinguiſhed from the true ones by theſe Marks;* viz. *The Coat of Arms, and the firſt Word,* This, *are ſtamped with red Ink, whereas in the true Bills they are done with black Ink: The Frauds are much ſoiled, and paſted on the Back, and the Signers Names ſuppoſed to be artfully taken from ſome ſmall Bill, and paſted to the Fraud: and ſeveral other ſmall Patches artfully paſted, to make them look like the true ones.*

RUN away on Thurſday *laſt from the Houſe of* John Richardſon, *Shoemaker, a new Negroe Girl about* 16 *or* 18 *Years of Age, ſhort Stature, branded upon the Breaſt N R. mark'd round the Neck with three Rows like Beads, ſuppos'd to be a* Whedaw *Negroe; had on a check'd Cotton Petticoat and a Seerſucker Jacket. Her Name is* Roſe.

Whoſoever takes up the ſaid Negroe, and brings her to John Richardſon *aforeſaid, or* B Franklin *Printer, ſhall have* Twenty Shillings *Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by*

John Richardſon.

To be SOLD,

TOgether or in Parcels, a Plantation and Tract of about 1100 *Acres of Land, at* Horſham *In the County of* Philadelphia, 18 *Miles from the City, and within* 4 *Miles of* York *Road; having thereon* 2 *Dwelling Houſes of Stone, with a good large Barn, Stables, Orchard and Garden. There is almoſt* 130 *Acres of the Land clear'd and well improv'd with Clover and other* Engliſh *Graſs, beſides large parcels of meadowing. The whole is excellent good Land, well timbered and water'd with fine Springs. The Buildings large, elegant, and commodiously ſituate for the Reception of any Gentleman with a large Family. There is alſo near the Houſes a plentiful Run of water, fit for erecting a Mill on. Concerning the Price and Title inquire of* C. Brockden *of the City of* Philadelphia.

RUN away Yeſterday Morning from Samuel Hale of this City Potter, a Servant Man named *Edward Pain*, about 26 Years of Age, of middle Stature, walks very upright with a lively Look; the Letters E. P. are marked below his Thumb, with blue, and the Effigies of Chriſt on the Croſs in the ſame Colour on the Inſide of his Arm, no Hair, but wears a Cap or a new light cololour'd Wig, he is a Potter by Trade, and pretends to be a Sailor. He had on a new Caſtor Hat, a reddiſh colour'd Kerſey Coat new made, Fly-faſhion, good Leather Breeches, two new fine Shirts, and new Shoes and Stockings.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Five Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Samuel Hale.*

Philadel. June 14 1734.

JAmaica Rum, Sugar of ſundry Sorts, Molaſſes, Cotton, and Pimento, likewiſe a faſhionable freſh parcel of Mercery Goods, conſiſting of Luteſtrings, brocaded ſtrip'd & waved Ducapes, Ducapees, Surines and Armillas, Choice of Haberdaſhery and Cutlery Ware with other Sorts of Merchandize. To be ſold by *John Inglis* at his Houſe in *Second-Street*, oppoſite to the Poſt-Houſe.

A Conſiderable Quantity of freſh Drugs, juſt imported from London, are to be Sold in large or ſmall Parcels, at the Shop of *Samuel Chew* and *Thomas Bond*, in *High-Street* near the Market. Where alſo may be had moſt kinds of Chymical and Galenical Medecines duely and honeſtly prepared, all at very reaſonable rates.

To be SOLD.

BY Capt. *Palmer*, Two young Likely Negroe Men, Country born, bred up in a Farm, and can do all manner of Plantation Work. Alſo 50 Acres of good Graſs Land within two Miles of *Philadelphia*, to be Sold in 5 Acres Lotts, or the Whole at reaſonable Rates.

RUN away the 18th Inſtant, from *Owen Owen* of this City, a Servant Lad named *James Roe*, about 18 Years of Age, born in *Dublin*, ſhort Stature, well ſet, freſh Complexion; took with him two Coats, ſeveral Jackets, Drawers and Shirts, and ſundry other things beſides; he is ſuppos'd to wear a whitiſh Fuſtian Coat with froſted Buttons, and ſtrip'd Jacket and Breeches.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by. *Owen Owen.*

To be SOLD.

A *LIKELY Negroe Girl, about* 14 *Years* of Age, bred in the Country, but fit for either Town or Country Buſineſs. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

RUN away Yeſterday from *Francis Smith* of *Eveſham* in the County of *Burlington*, a Servant Man named *John Haverſach*, aged about 40 Years, of middle Stature, has had the Samall-Pox, his Complexion ruddy, brown Hair and a whitiſh Beard: He is by Birth a Palatine, but has travelled in the Armies by Land in *France*, *Spain*, *Germany*, *Italy*, *Turkey*, *England*, and *Scotland*, and can ſpeak their Languages; he ſpeaks *Engliſh* indifferently well. He has taken with him three Ozenbrigs Shirts. three pair of Breeches, one Ticken, one Leather, and one Ozenbrigs; one Duffel Coat between a Copper and Pearl colour, and a Camblet Coat of a reddiſh Colour, a Leather Jacket, a Felt Hat, two Pair of Shoes, and a Gun.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Forty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Francis Smith.*

Philadel. June 19. 1734.

For the good of the Publick and to prevent Impoſitions.

THIS is to Certifie, that in June 1733, *there came to* Darby *in* Pennſylvania *one* Thomas Warren, *a School-Maſter, who ſaid he ſerved his Time in the Lower Parts of* Virginia, *and pretends to be a Watch-maker by Trade. He agreed with ſeveral of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Place, to inſtruct their Children for one year, during which, at times, he frequented the Company of a Woman of a Neighbouring Townſhip, who proving with Child, ſware it to him; and he refuſing to marry her, was bound over to the Court at* Cheſter, *in the ſaid Province; Whilſt he ſtood upon his Recogniſance, the ſaid Woman was Delivered of a male Child, and ſome time after her Lying in, he being caught in bed with her, was obliged to marry her, about the* 29th *of* May *laſt; and in about five days after, he went off and left his ſaid Wife and Child behind him. He hath made divers Eſſays whilſt in the ſaid County, to debauch other Women; and when told of it, has endeavoured to excuſe himſelf by pretending to be Drunk. He rides upon a little Sorrel Horſe, and is ſuppoſed to be gone towards* New-York: *All Perſons regardful of their Reputation, are cautioned hereby to beware of him, and take Notice of him, according to his Demerits, leſt he ſhould follow the ſame lewd Courſes: To prevent which this Advertiſement is thought proper to be publiſhed by ſeveral credible Perſons in* Cheſter *County.*

June 7. 1734

TWO *likely young Negroes, one a Lad about* 19: *The other a Girl of* 15, *to be ſold. Inquire of the Printer.*

READY MONEY *for old* RAGS *may be had of the Printer hereof.*

ALL *Sorts of Gold and Silver Work made and mended, alſo Gold and Silver bought by*, John Syng, *Goldſmith, in* Market-Street *over againſt the Market Houſe, next Door but one to the* Crown, *in* Philadelphia.

For LONDON,

THE Ship *Three Batchelors*, *William Spafford*, Maſter, now lying at Carpenter's Wharff, having half her Cargo already engaged, will ſail with all Expedition:

For Freight or Paſſage agree with *Thomas Sober*, or ſaid Maſter.

To be SOLD,

A *Likely Servant Maids Time for Five Years and Half, ſuitable for Town or Country. Enquire of the Printer hereof.*

TO be Sold by *Mary Clayton* and *Samuel Bickley*, Executors of *After Clayton*, deceaſed, a Plantation containing 500 Acres, having on it a Griſt-Mill with two pair of Stones going with two Water Wheels, two Boulting Mills, alſo two Houſes, one of Brick, the other of Wood, with convenient Out-houſes; there is a Conveniency of Water-Carriage from the Mills; it lies within a Mile of *Chriſtine* Bridge. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to the aforeſaid Executors at the above-mentioned Plantation, and agree on reaſonable Terms.

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION and Ferry, commonly known by the Name of Ferry-point; 400 Acres or thereabouts, a good Orchard, and a Houſe, about four Miles below *Burlington*. Enquire of *Joſeph Fennimore* in *Burlington* County, or of *Bartholomew Horner*, in *Glouceſter* County.

WHEREAS Thomas Smith *of* New-Caſtle *has of late ſuffer'd much in his Credit from his great Lenity to thoſe who are in his Debt, this to give Notice to all ſuch, that in caſe they do not come and pay their Ballance, at or before the firſt day of* July *next, they will be ſued by,*

Thomas Smith.

RUN away on *Friday* Night laſt from *Anthony Wilkinſon* of this City, Carver, a Servant Man named *John Nicholſon*, about 27 Years of Age, of middle Stature, ſhort brown Hair, ſwarthy Complexion, thin jaw'd, and the End of his Noſe very red. He had on a thick grey Kerſey Pea Jacket lin'd with red Shaloon, a pair of new Trowſers, an old Caſtor Hat, no Stockings, and old Shoes which had been new ſoal'd: He pretends to be a Chair-carver, and can ſpeak a little *Indian*, having lived a Twelve-month among thoſe People.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid, by *Anthony Wilkinſon.*

Philadel. June 17. 1734.

To be SOLD,

A *TRACT of Land on Swan Creek in* Baltimore *County, of* 1300 *Acres, four Miles from* Saſquehanah *Lower-Ferry, on Tide Water, within a Mile of the Shipping, a Landing at the Door,* 100 *Acres are cleared,* 20 *of Meadow; a Fine Dwelling Houſe, and ſeveral Out-houſes; two good Orchards, a Barn, Stable and two Tobacco Houſes of* 50 *foot each, with a good Title: Any Perſon enclining to purchaſe may inquire of* Thomas Hughs *of* Nottingham *Inn-keeper, who lives on the Road to the ſaid Land,* 14 *Miles from it.*

ON *the Twenty-eighth of* Auguſt *next enſuing, there is to be ſold by Way of Auction or Vendue, the Lands or Plantation of Major* Porter, *commonly called* Portersfield, *containing* 1800 *Acres of Land and Meadow; lying in the County of* Glouceſter, *in the Province of* Weſt New-Jerſey, *nigh* Philadelphia. *The higheſt Bidder to be the Buyer, giving good Security to the Executors*

Jonathan Wright,
Mahlon Stacy.

May 1. 1734.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.